



2ND meeting of the European Research Consortium on ITP

NEW INSIGHTS INTO IMMUNE
THROMBOCYTOPENIA

Paris Crowne Plaza Paris République

April 23-24, 2026



A large, stylized number '2' in a dark blue, brush-stroke font, with the letters 'ND' in a smaller, blue, sans-serif font positioned above it.

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Bispecific antibodies and CAR-T cells: do they have a place in ITP?

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Disclosures of Karolin Trautmann

Company name	Research support	Employee	Consultant	Stockholder	Speakers bureau	Advisory board	Other
Amgen	x					x	
Argenx						x	
Grifols	x				x	x	
Novartis	x				x	x	
Sanofi					x	x	
Sobi	x				x	x	



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Clinical need in ITP

- Most patients respond to current therapies

- However: disease burden remains high



Fatigue is common

Limited rates of sustained remission



Majority require chronic therapy

Durable remissions remain uncommon



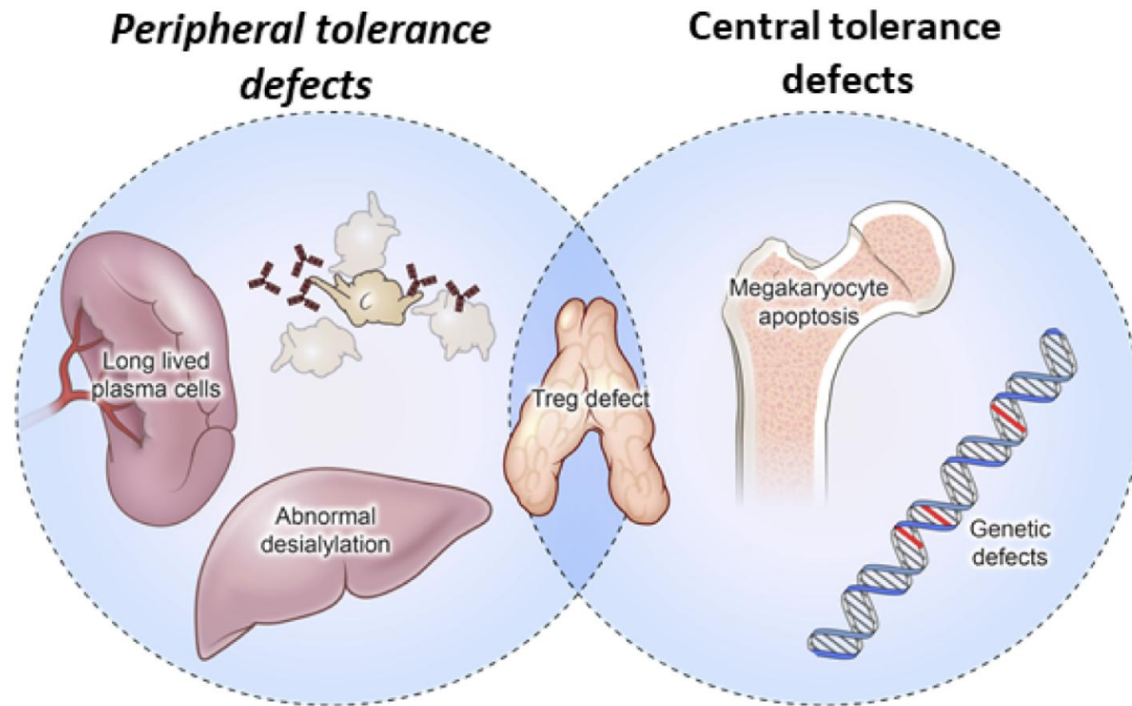
„Difficult to treat“ ITP

■ Relapsed/refractory ITP:

- Persistent thrombocytopenia with no response to ≥ 2 standard therapies
- High bleeding, infection, and thrombosis risk
- High morbidity and mortality
- Decreased HR-QoL

Moulis et al. 2024, Miltiadous et al. Blood 2020; Mahevas Blood 2016

Pathophysiology of „difficult to treat“ ITP



Need for an Immune Reset?

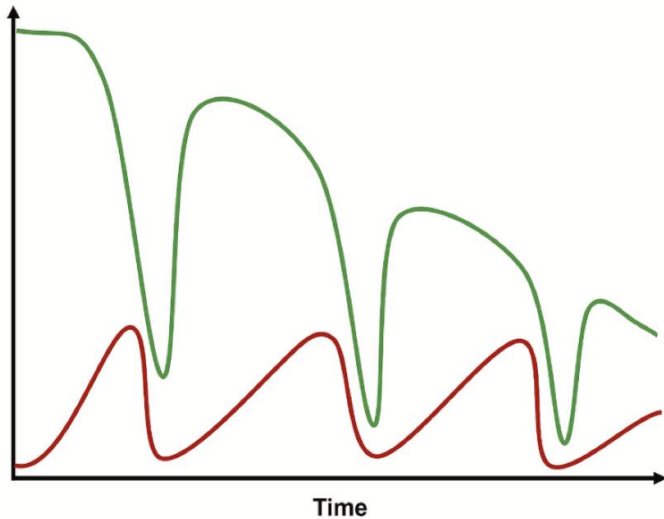
Chronic immune activation, B-cell driven autoimmunity and T-cell dysregulation

Picture from Panch et al. Hematology Am Soc Hematol Educ Program 2025

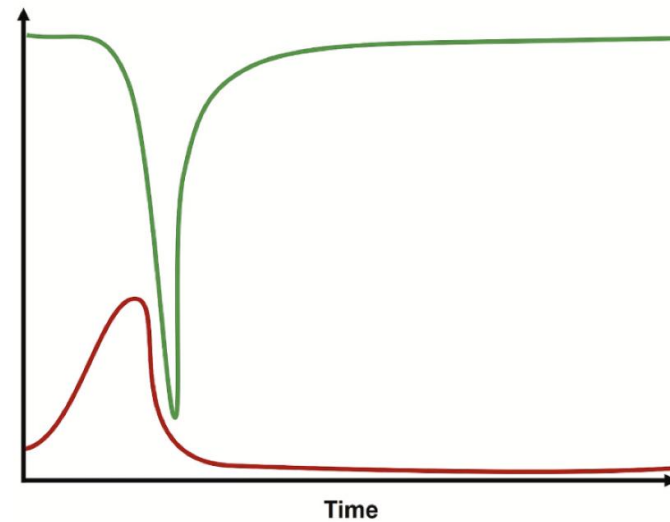


Immune reset versus chronic therapy in ITP

Chronic/repeated therapy



One time Intervention

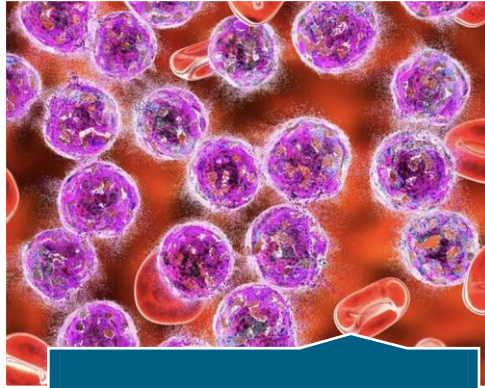


Platelet stability
Disease activity

Goal: sustained remission without ongoing therapy

Adapted from Kuter et al Blood reviews 2026

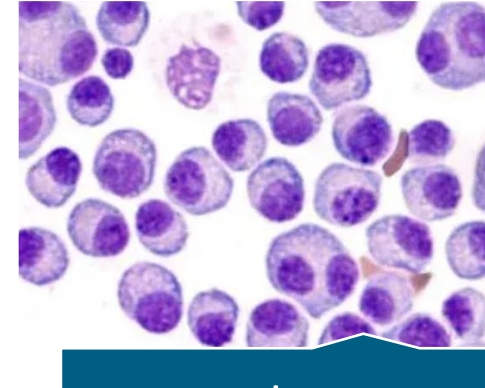
CAR-T Cells + Bispecific Antibodies



ALL



Lymphoma



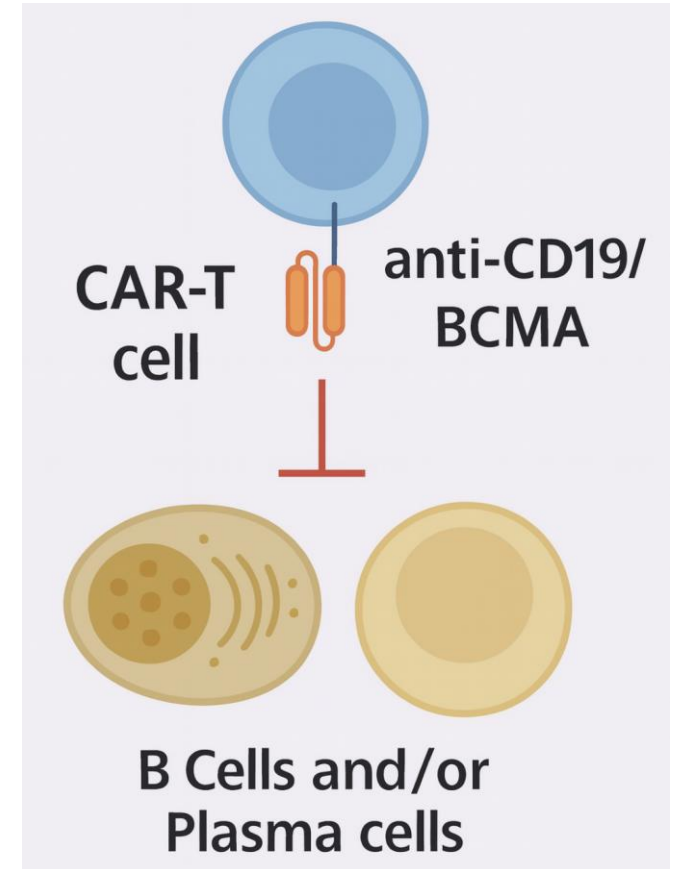
Myeloma

... established and approved for numerous hematologic malignancies



CAR-T: targeting B- and Plasma-cells

- Autologous T cells engineered to target B-cells/Plasma-cells
- Leads to:
 - Deep and sustained B-cell depletion (via CD19)
 - Depletion of long-lived plasma cells (via BCMA)
 - Reduction of autoantibodies



Potential for durable, treatment– free remission?

Picture from Mougiakakos et al. Blood 2025

CAR-T in ITP: clinical evidence

- Limited data using CD19/BCMA – directed CAR-T cells:
 - Several case reports^{1,2,3,4} and small case series^{5,6}
- Patient population: highly refractory ITP, multiple prior therapies
- Key findings
 - Rapid platelet recovery
 - Ability to discontinue background therapy
 - Low toxicity

Sustained responses
In heavily
pretreated ITP

¹Trautmann-Grill et al. Lancet 2025, ²Li et al. NEJM 2024, ³Plümer et al. DGHO 2025, ⁴Korte et al. Med 2026, ⁵Li et al. Med 2026, ⁶Shu et al. # 1267 ASH 2025

A typical „difficult-to-treat“ ITP patient

Male patient
*1989



07/2016	Prednisolon
08/2016	Rituximab
04/2018	Dexamethason
05/2018	Rituximab
07/2018	Romiplostim
02/2020	Prednisolon + Romiplostim
09/2021	Eltrombopag
11/2021	Fostamatinib
02/2022	Avatrombopag
05/2022	Avatrombopag + Fostamatinib
09/2022	Avatrombopag + Mycophenolatmofetil
11/2022	Splenectomy
12/2022	Romiplostim
02/2023	Romiplostim + Rituximab
03/2023	Fostamatinib + Romiplostim
09/2023	Hydroxychloroquin + Romiplostim
11/2023	Ciclosporin A + Romiplostim

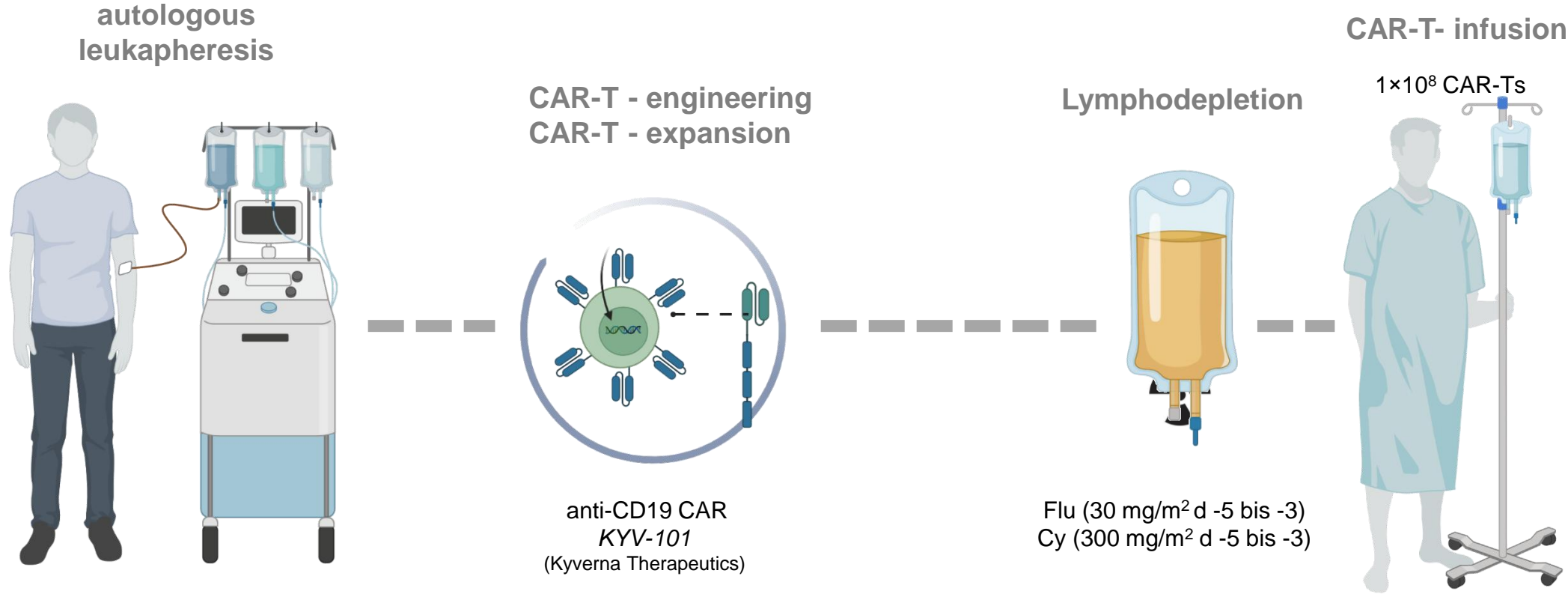
B-Cell depletion
TPO rezeptor agonist
Fostamatinib
Immunsuppression
Splenectomy

frequent rescue treatments required (IVIg, steroids)

Decision to proceed with CART



CAR-T Therapy: a complex, multi-step process



Trautmann-Grill et al. Lancet 2025



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Clinical course after CAR-T

Complication:

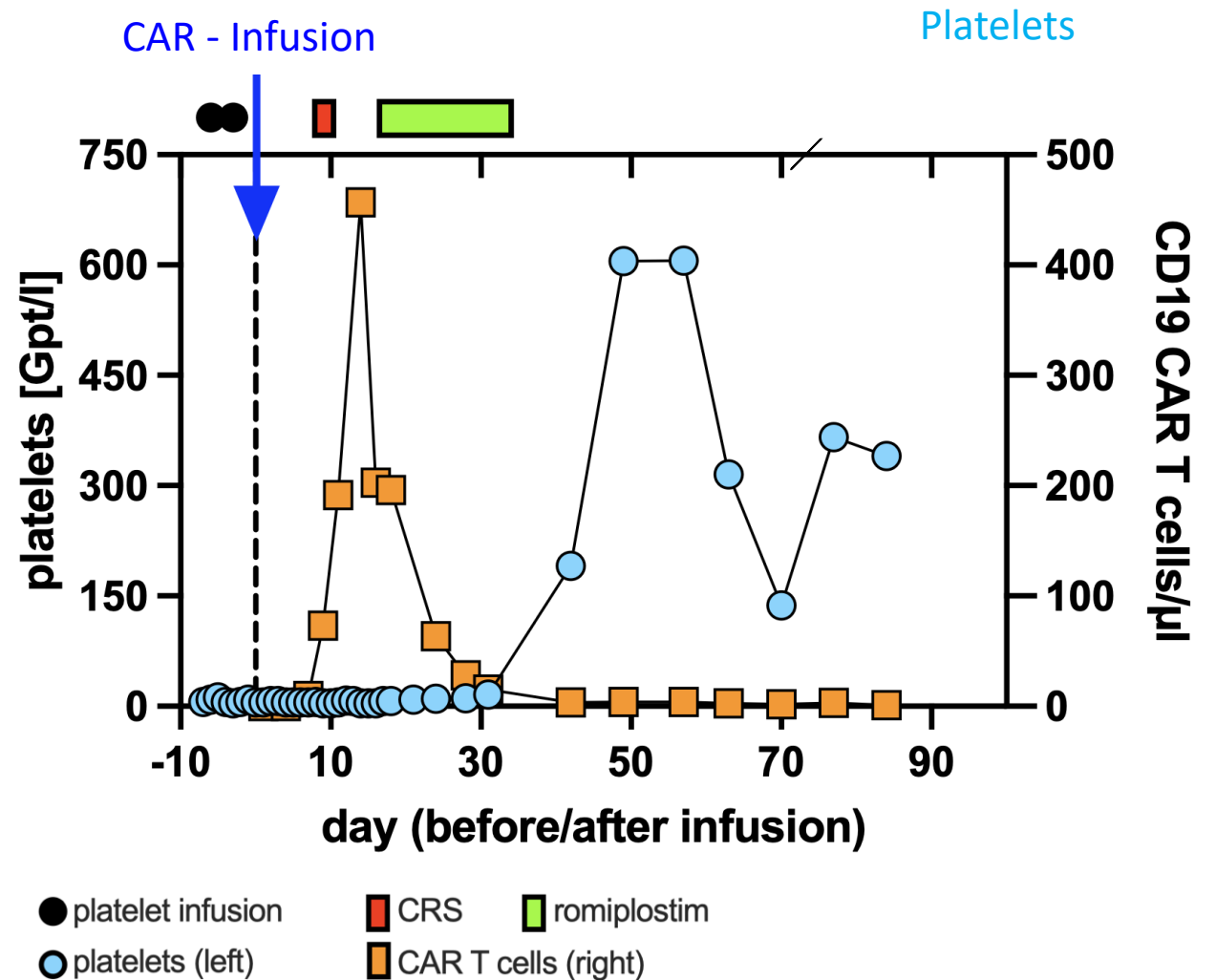
Cytokine Release Syndrome Grade I

Day +12: B-cell reconstitution (177/ul)

Day +18: Hospital discharge

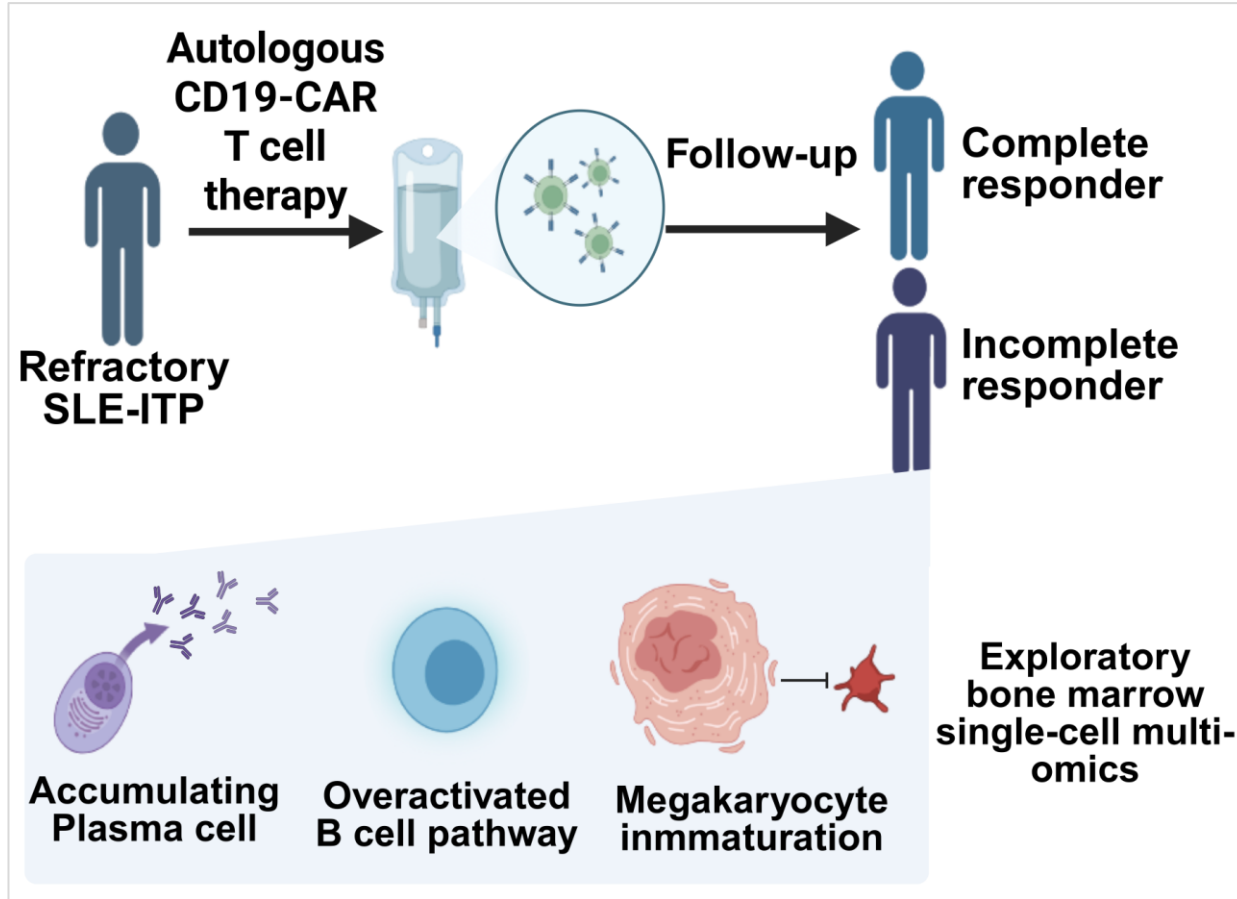
Day +42: Complete remission
(platelet count > 100 x10⁹/l)

04/2026: Ongoing complete remission



Trautmann-Grill et al. Lancet 2025

CD19+ CAR-T in SLE-ITP (n=6): proof of concept



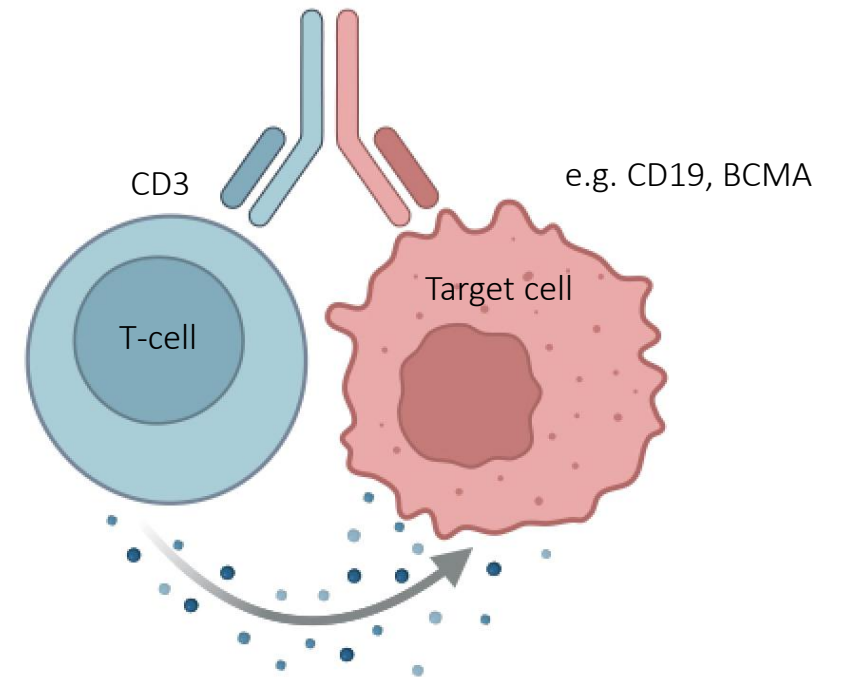
Safe and effective in SLE-ITP

All patients responded (n=6)

Incomplete response (n=2) linked to residual plasma cells and impaired platelet production

Bispecific antibodies: redirecting T cells

- Engineered off-the-shelf antibodies
- Bind two targets:
 - CD3 (T cells)
 - Target cells (e.g. B-/ Plasma-cells)
- Redirect T cells to eliminate target cells



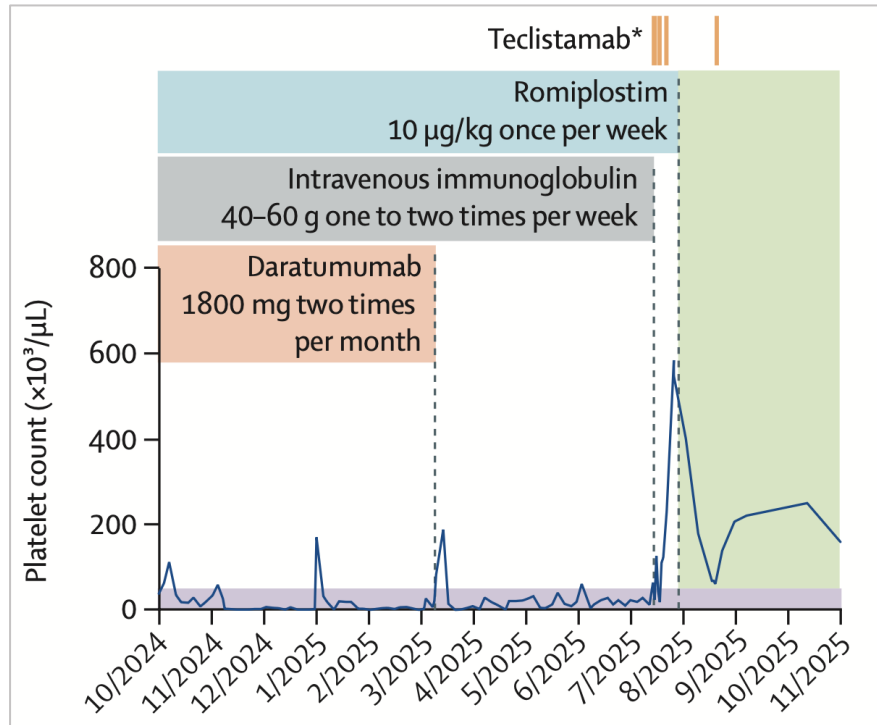
Off-the-shelf immune therapy

Bispecific antibodies: clinical evidence in ITP

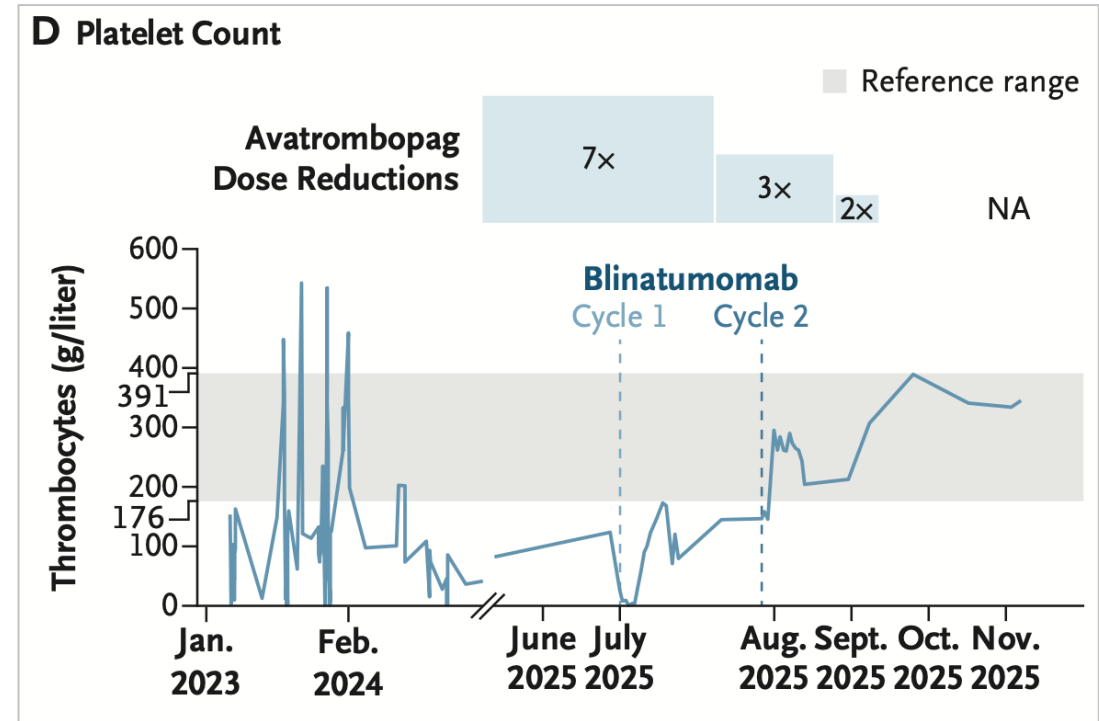
- Very limited data in refractory ITP
 - Case reports: Blinatumumab/Teclistamab^{1,2}
 - Case series in other autoimmune diseases^{3,4}
- Key finding
 - Deep B-cell depletion and rapid platelet response
- Shorter follow up compared to CAR-T

¹ Duque-Afonso et al. Lancet 2026, ² Gottschlich et al. NEJM 2026, ³Bucci et al. NEJM 2025, ⁴Zhang et al. NEJM 2025

Bispecific antibodies: responses with very limited exposure



4 doses of Teclistamab (BCMA)¹



2 cycles of Blinatumumab (CD19)²

¹ Duque-Afonso et al. Lancet 2026, ² Gottschlich et al. NEJM 2026



Bispecifics vs. CAR-T: differences

	Bispecific antibodies	CAR-T cells
Availability	Off-the-shelf Ability to retreat	Patient-specific, complex manufacturing and administration
Depth of immune intervention	Depending on dosing	Deep
Toxicity	Moderate to high (CRS, infections, mitigated by time limited use)	High (CRS, ICANS), infections, long-term effects of genetic modification unknown
Evidence in ITP	Very Limited	Limited



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Clinical trial overview

■ ITP

- CAR-T: n = 12
- Bispecifics: n = 2

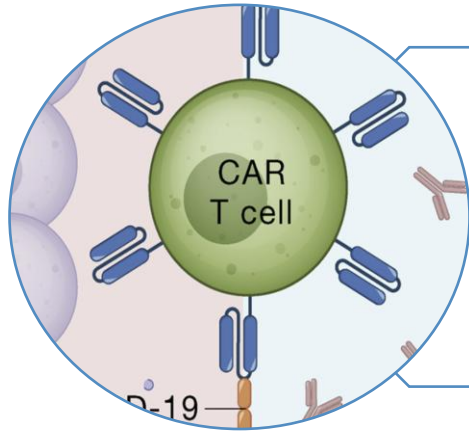
■ Other autoimmune conditions

- CAR-T: n = 238
Including 4 Phase III trials
- Bispecifics n = 10 (Phase I/II)

CAR-T ahead
of bispecifics

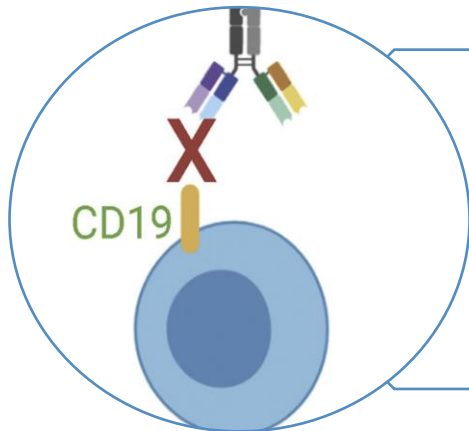
Source: www.clinicaltrials.gov

Bispecifics vs. CAR-T: where do these therapies fit in ITP?



CAR-T

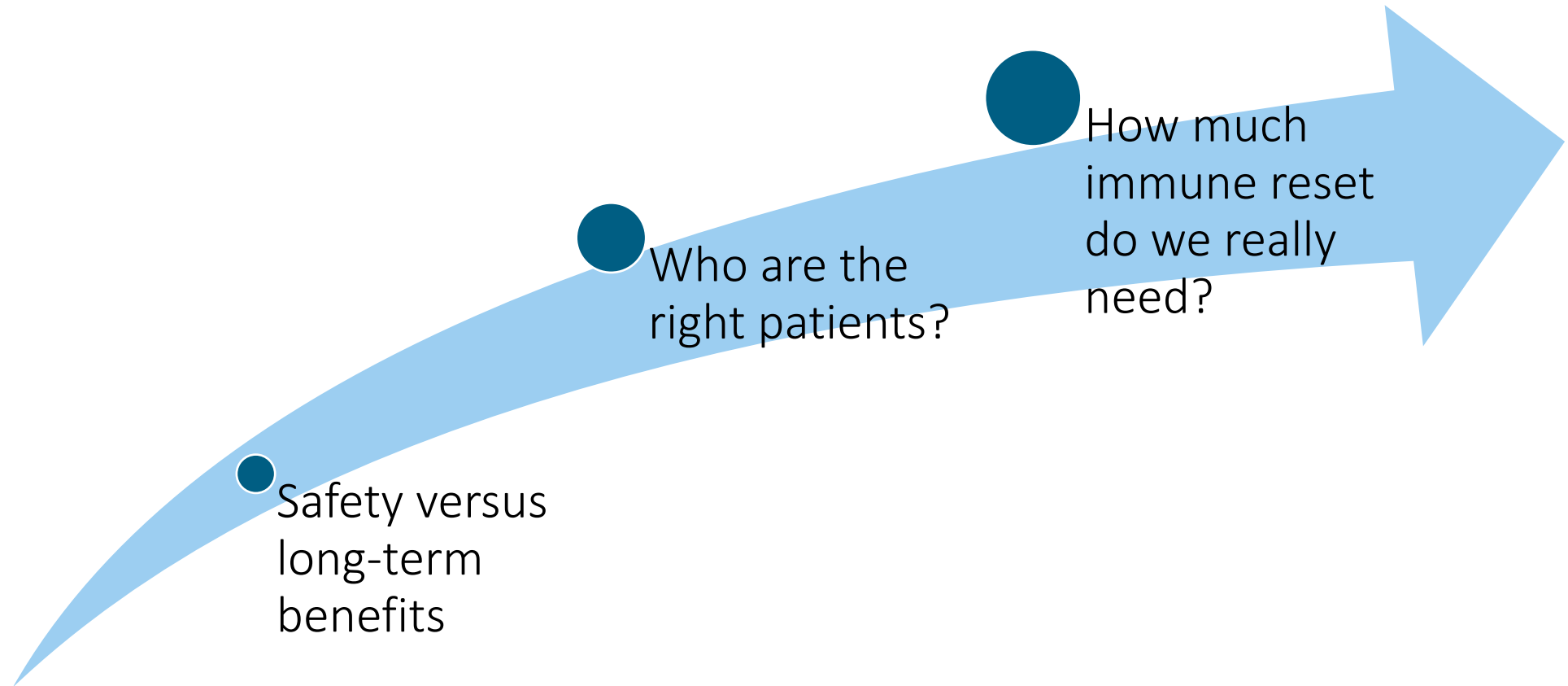
- “Difficult to treat” ITP
- Attempt at treatment free remission



Bispecific Antibody

- Earlier lines
- Adjustable dosing offers alternative to chronic therapy

Open questions for CAR-T and Bispecifics



Conclusion

- CAR-T and bispecifics: new therapeutic era in ITP
- First evidence for treatment free remission
- Clinical data still limited
- Patient selection is key

CAR-T and bispecifics do have a place in in ITP – but for whom and when?

Thank you

My team and our patients

All supporters of the German ITP Registry

Questions?

